### BARRE DAILY TIMES

Published Every Weekday Afternoon. Subscriptions: One Year, \$5; One Month, 25 ets Single Copy. 1 cent.

Entered at the Postoffice at Barre as Second Chas Matter. Frank E. Langley, Publisher.

TUESDAY, JULY 9, 1907.

The average daily circulation of the Barr, Daily Times for the week ending Saturday was

4,605

ropies, the largest paid circulation of any daily paper in this section.

The Sunday automobile accident is taking the place of the Sunday canoeing

If Burlington raised \$55,000 for its Y. M. C. A. then St. Johnsbury ought to be able to raise the \$25,000 set as the mark in its present "whirlwind campaign."

The beautiful business strusture, the Mead building, which graces two of Rutland's leading streets, is evidence that in spite of its destructiveness, a fire is a blessing in part. Rutland's area, burned over a year ago last spring, is blooming far more into beauty with its latest development in architecture.

It looks like a small matter, and, indeed, it is a small, if the towns would go about it at once and erect guideboards at the necessary places. But | the placing of the boards is quite important to Vermont. The simple painted sign, with the familiar hand pointing the way, is a decided asset for the state inasmuch as it lessens for tourists-pedestrians, horsemen, or automohillst-the inconvenience and vexation of travel. If our roads are poorly equipped in this way we cannot hope to secure a large portion of this tourist traffic which brings money into the pockets of the people. Selectmen, remove those old and decayink relics and replace them with legible signs at each

DISCRIMINATION IN ARRESTS. It is absurd to say that the police of Barre are making a discrimination in their arrests, are skipping the residents and arresting the non-residents, in spite of the fact that on the court record there are probably two non-residents to every one resident. There would be nothing to gain by such discrimination, even were it possible for them to make the distinction. They have, furthermore, been given no instructions or tips to pass by the residents, as the Vermont Issue infers may be the case, as will be noticed by an extract in another column. The other inference of the Isaue is correct, that a great many of what might impain, the distinctive difference being be called "undesirables" have been drift- back and on either hind leg down to ing into town and they have fallen into the foot. When the animal is startled the hands of the police. This makes the it immediately takes to flight, the iniproportion of non-residents greater on that leap being fully ten feet through the court record than that of residents. | the air.

The Doll. The ancient civilization of Rome included the doll as an instructive plaything for children.

you get you have the philosopher's the state-from this source is thus about system of punishment Chinese prisonstone.-Franklin.



Yes, and they'll bear the brunt of the boy's vacation adventures and the price is so low that you can always have a fresh Suit in the house waiting for his return. Prices, 50c to \$3.00.

> WE CLEAN, PRESS AND REPAIR CLOTHING.



174 North Main St., Barre, Vt.

JINGLES AND JESTS 

A Strange Amount. "Say, Smyser, lend me an X." "Can't, dear boy. That's an unknown quantity with me."-Baltimore Ameri-

> The Brilliant One, The ancient drama never knew Such "stars" as now there are, And yet in William Tell it had The greatest shooting star.
>
> -Houston Post.

The Automaid. "How many servants does Mrs. Ran-#all keep?" "None. She is one of those 'self

maid' women."-Harper's Weekly. His Own Make.

We'd thank the "self made" man if he Would only sometimes stop And curb his wild desire to be Forever talking shop.

-Des Moines Register, Possibly.

"I see they're now after the hard coal "Yes, and, you bet, it will be a long way after."-Minneapolis Journal.

The Annual Admonitions. The same advice is due once more.
Oh, reckless ones, please note:
Den't swim too far away from shore,
And do not rock the beat.
—Washington Star.

"He's a man of many parts." "I notice he's easily rattled."-Cleve

An African Antelope. In Portuguese East Africa there is size and shape to the Bost roebuck or a black line down the center of the

Norway's Forests. owns 3,335 square miles, which bring prison quadrangle, with their unshavan annual income of about \$268,000. The annual expense connected with clanking fetters, their hopeless looks, the public forests, "statual menninger," as they are called, amount to about If you know bow to spend less than \$128,000. The yearly profit derived by \$140,000.

Twelve Years Before Any Other Bank in the City

34 YEARS OF SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS EXPERIENCE.

Our Savings Department Pays FOUR PER CENT

Interest, credited July and January First.

STATEMENT JULY 1, 1907.

care and attention to all business entrusted to us.

Total Assets, January 1, 1906, -

Total Assets, July 2, 1906,

Total Assets, July 1, 1907,

United States 2 per cent Bonds at par

Total Assets, January 1, 1907,

ASSETS.

Loans......\$477,601.39

to secure circulation . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 100,000.00

Other United States Bonds at par. . . . 65,000.00

Due from Banks...... 38,480.88

- - 8825,126.42

THIS GROWTH is the result of conservative banking and painstaking

Fearful State of the Criminals Confined In Them.

ALL PRISONERS FETTERED

Same From Cruelty Become In Appearance as Wild as Beasts of the Forest. Punishment, For Purposes of Extortion, That Kills Many.

The first thing which impresses the European visitor to the Chinese prison is the absolutely flimsy character of the structure itself. If one gets permission to visit the prison in Canton, and shoals of globe trotters do wend their way thither after they have seen the execution ground, it will be found to be a ramshackle building of no pretense whatsoever.

The question will be asked, "By what means are the prisoners held in safety if the structures in which they are incarcerated are so filmsy and insecure?" The answer, says the East of Asia Magazine, is brief. Without exception the prisoners are fettered. Many have chains on the legs only. These are the less dangerous and have been guilty of the less important crimes. Others, in addition, have fetters on the arms, which make it impossible for them to escape.

Lastly, a few prisoners were not only manacled on the ankles, but wore a chain around their necks, at the dangling end of which was attached a block of granite. The prisoner would walk from place to place within the courtyard, but ere he could move beyond the length of his chain he must stop and lift the stone and, carrying it in his shackled arms, drop it again where he wished to stop,

In addition to the chains worn by day, all the male prisoners are further shackled at night. By means of two heavy beams, in which holes have been made for the ankles of the prisoners, a rude but effective method is discovered for detaining the prisoners in absolute

security. The prisoners, who during the day have been loading in the courtyard, are in the evening driven into the wards and made to lie side by side on a raised platform. The upper of the two beams is then raised, and each man is compelled to place his ankle in the bole made to receive it, whereupon the upper beam is replaced, and the prisoners are held by the feet in these rude stocks. There is no possibility of escape. They are allowed bricks for pillows, and in this uncomfortable position they pass the hours.

In addition to this, however, special cruelties are perpetrated on certain prisoners who, for some reason or other, are exempted from capital punishment. Prisoners there are whose appearance becomes as wild as the beasts of the forest; who, with heavy cangues on their shoulders, are incarcerated in a filthy dungeon for the term of their natural lives. I have seen them moving to and fro like caged Their appearance is revolting.

Night and day, as far as I remember. both asleep and awake, this beavy burden rested on their shoulders, though how it was possible to sleep therein I was unable to understand. On the other hand, in a prison I visited a few weeks ago I was informed that the cangue was removed at nights that the Of Norway's forest area the state prisoners might sleep. A crowd in the en heads, their unwashed faces, their their diseased bodies and their bebruted souls, can never be forgotten.

But, although under the recognized ers must live a life which to us of the

\$600,318.46

631,003.00

709,924.42

- 825, 126, 42

### Granite Savings Bank & Trust Co.

BARRE, VERMONT.

Statement, July 1, 1907

RESOURCES.

Loans	\$828,719.63
Real Estate and Banking House	39,326.28
Bonds and Securities	212,600.00
Cash on Hand and in Banks	142,815.40
Total	\$1,223,461.31
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1 Otal	\$1,423,401.31
LIABILITIES.	
Capital Stock	\$75,000.00
Surplus and Profits	27,515.57
Dividend July 1, 1907, 3 per cent	2,250.00
Extra Dividend, July 1, 1907, 1 per ct.,	750.00
Dividend Unpaid	6.00
Deposits	1,117,939.74
Total	\$1,223,461.31

Taxes Paid on Deposits of \$2,000.00 or Less.

### 48 INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS ACCOUNTS

Deposits Made Not Later Than July 10 Will Draw Interest From July 1.

OFFICERS.

John Trow, President; H. O. Worthen, Clinton N. Field, Vice-Presidents: H. G. Woodruff, Treas.; Frank F. Cave, Trust Officer.

DIRECTORS.

John Trow, H. O. Worthen, A. D. Morse, C. L. Currier, W. A. Whitcomb, Frank F. Cave, C. N. Field.

# At the City Bakery!



Do not be surprised to see Cakes here so tempting that you marvel why anybody should bother with home baking. That is an ordinary occurrence here. Many a woman has found out that our Cakes are better than hers. We don't care how careful and particular you

are, we are just as much if not more so, and we are baking all the time. If experience and practice count for anything, why shouldn't we bake better than you?

### BEMIS & CARON.

Telephone 12-11,

North Main St., Barre, Vt.

not be so to them if they were fairly treated and were saved from the exactions and berbarities to which they are exposed at the hands of their ra pacious keepers.

When a prisoner first goes into the wards the warders claim his clothes and his money, and he is left with the barest rags to cover his nakedness. He is robbed of all his cash, as a matter of course. Those who are condemned are compelled, under a threat of the whip, to write begging letters to their relatives requesting them to for-

If the unfortunate man besitates to accede to this demand, the warders, assisted by some of the oldest prisoners-for it appears that inmates of more than twenty years' residence bave accorded them certain privileges take the man in hand during the might. The hands of the prisoners are fastened by a rope, and the other end of the rope is then passed through a ring which hangs from the roof of the

The warders then hoist the unhappy wretch, who is left hanging in midair by the hands. Should be attempt to cry out his mouth and throat are filled with ashes. When the breath has almost left his body and he is choking he is lowered, and under the terror of renewal of this torture he is eager to promise almost anything.

Many die under this ordeal. But as it is assumed among the mandarins that mortality must be high and as no official probing is ever dreamed of a general statement as to natural death is sufficient.

The Oll Bird. One of the animal curiosities of South America is the oil bird, or guacharo, It breeds in rock caves on the mainland, and one of its favorite haunts is the island of Trinidad. It lays its eggs in a nest made of mud, and the young birds are prodigiously fat. The natives melt the fat down in clay pots and produce from it a kind of butter. The caves inhabited by the birds are usually accessible only from the sea, and the hunting of them is sometimes an exciting sport.

A Peculiar Plant A plant grows in Assum which has the peculiar property when chewed of temporarily neutralizing the sense of taste as regards sweet and bitter things. The Hindoos claim that the plant is an antidote to snake bite.

It has been estimated that it would take a man 3,000 years to read all the standard works.

Violet Seaweed.

On the Mangishlak peninsula, in the Caspian, is a small lake filled with sea weed of a violet bue, which also gives off a distinct scent of violets.

Hats In the Commons. The old custom, honored by the use of centuries, whereby members of the

British parliament were given to wear ing their hats in the chamber during the legislative sessions, is apparently doomed to speedy extinction. In the house of lords the practice of keeping the head covered is still rigidly adhered to, but in the commons it is decidedly

This is the time we commence to clean up all our Short Coats. Skirts at less than cost. Dress Goods and odd lots throughout this store and right in season when you can profit by this sale.

Short Coats, now \$2.98, \$3.98, \$4.98, \$5.98, \$6.98 One lot 36-inch Fancy Mohair Dress Goods for ........ 39c a yard One lot White Swiss and Lace Stripe White Goods for .. 19c a yard Fancy Colored Lawns at less than cost, 5c, 7 1-2c, 10c and 12 1-2c a gard.

Wash Petricoats, special at ...... 50c, 75c and 98c each Black Moreen Petticoats for 98c. No more at this price when sold. \$2.00 Heatherbloom Petticoats for ...... \$1.50 each One lot of Shirt Waists, soiled, price up to \$1.50, for .... 79c each White Waists, special at ....... 98c, \$1.25 and \$1.50 each One lot \$2.98 White Waists for ..... \$1.98 each

Bargain counter in rear of the store. Remnants and odd lots, Dress Goods, Wash Goods, etc.

White Parasols, Gloves, Neckwear, Belts, Ribbons, Shell Goods and Hosiery are what advertise this store.

The Vaughan Store

# 12½c to 20c a Yard

Less Than Regular Price?

Worth all we asked for them to begin with, but the weather man stepped in and interfered with our Dress Goods sales. Suppose you like him for that? Well, he may interfere, but we always have a way of beating him, even if we do have to suffer ourselves.

First, we offer an assortment of 50c to 59c Brown, Navy, Black and Novelty Dress Goods at 39c per yard.

And an assortment of the same combination of colors as in the 39c assortment of 75c to \$1.00 Dress Goods at 59c per yard.

The Perly & Pope 60:

P. S .- Just bear in mind we are selling Muslin Robes at half price.

# Summer Clothing and Toggery

Wherever you may spend your vacation, you will want to be comfortably clothed. You will want to feel cool and well. We are at your service with Two-piece Suits or Three-piece Suits in dressy serges, homespuns, flannels, etc., Outing Trousers, Straw Hats, Negligee Shirts, cool Underwear, Thin Hosiery, Summer Ties and all sorts of cool Toggery at prices that will not damage your purse. Come here for hot weather wants.

We Clean, Press and Repair Clothing.

MOORE & OWENS,

122 North Main St.,

Barre, Vermont

BOLSTER BLOCK,

STATEMENT-JULY 1, 1907.

**ASSETS** Real Estate Loans......\$736,764.50 Other Loans ...... 447,057.79 Bonds and Investments..... 163,073.60 U. S. 2 Per Cent Bonds at par 38,050.00 U. S. 3 Per Cent Bonds at par 3,150.00 Cash on Hand and in Banks 40,039.92

LIABILITIES. 50,000.00 Surplus Fund..... 10,000.00 Undivided Profits.... 16,201.18 Dividends Unpaid ...... Deposits ...... 1,348,898.54 Premiums U. S. Bonds sold 2.852.09 Total, - \$1,428,135,81

Total, - \$1,428,135.81 Assets over \$1,400,000.00

FOUR PER CENT interest paid on deposits. Taxes paid on deposits of \$2,000.00 or less.

> WE HAVE MADE SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS TO ISSUE DRAFTS DIRECT ON ABERDEEN, SCOTLAND.

J. HENRY JACKSON, President. - F. G. HOWLAND, Treasurer.

# National Bank of Barre,

F. G. HOWLAND, President.

T. H. CAVE, JR., Cashier.

8825,126.49

LIABILITIES.

Dividend No. 68 ..... 4,000.00

United States Bond Account..... 15,000.00

United States Government Deposit... 65,000.00

Dividends Unpaid.....